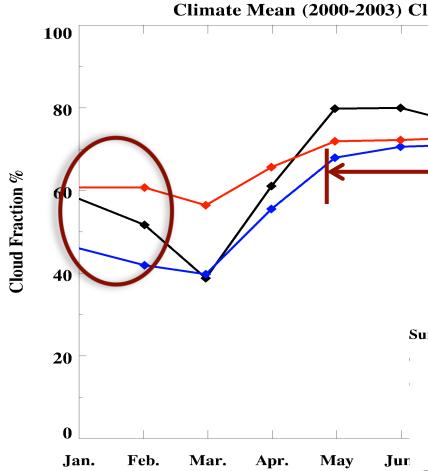
Validation of CERES-MODIS Ed4 and Ed2 derived cloud fractions during Polar night using ARM NSA data

Shaoyue Qiu, Baike Xi, and Xiquan Dong University of North Dakota Pat Minnis and Sunny Sun-Mack, NASA LaRC







- **♦ During summer-fall, Ed4 and Ed2 ARM ceilometer derived CFs.**
- **♦ During winter months, Ed4 CFs a**

Monthly variations of cloud fraction at Barrow, Alaska

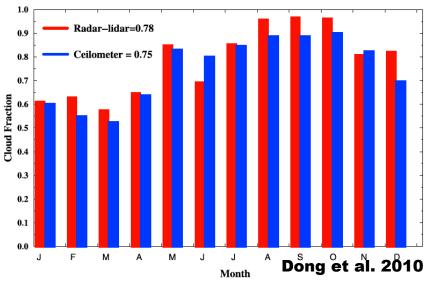


Figure 1. Monthly means of cloud fractions derived from ARM NSA radar-lidar measurements during the period 1999–2004 and ARM NSA ceilometer measurements during the period of June 1998 to May Su 2008.

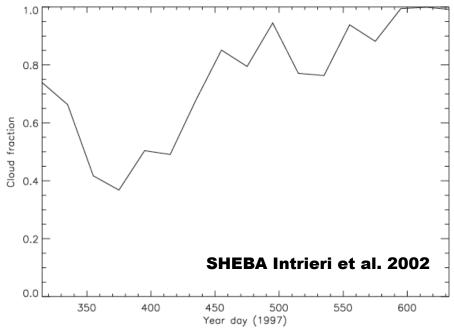
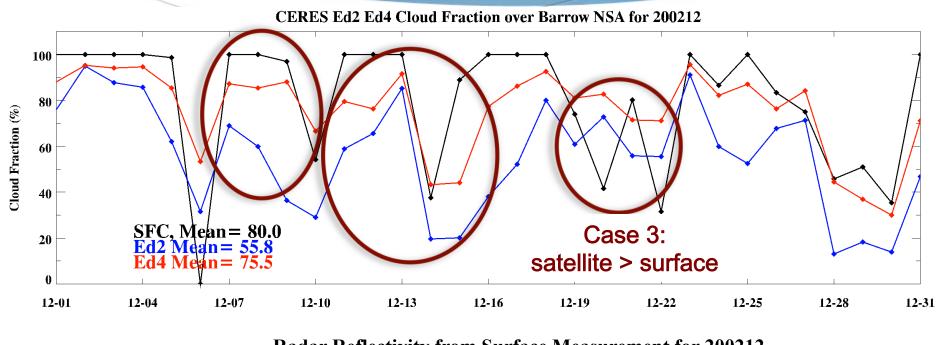
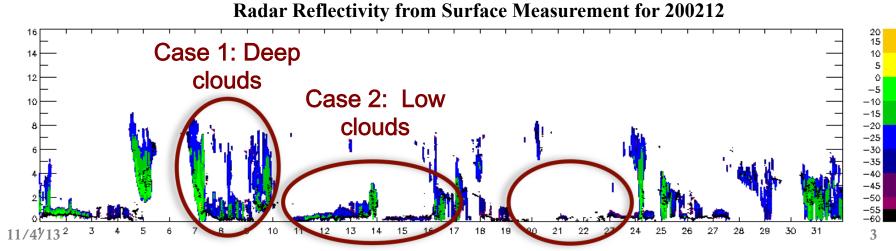


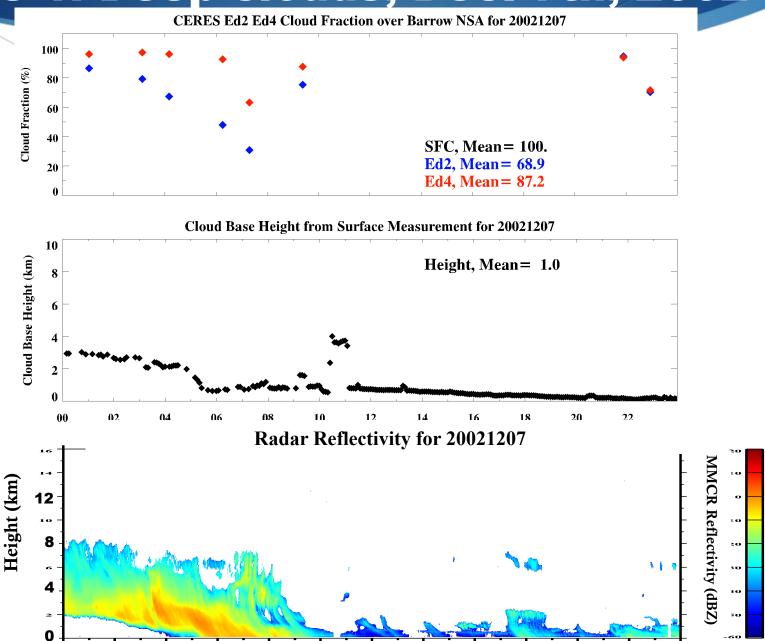
Figure 3. Annual cycle of cloud fraction averaged over 20-day blocks.

Investigating CFs for December 2002

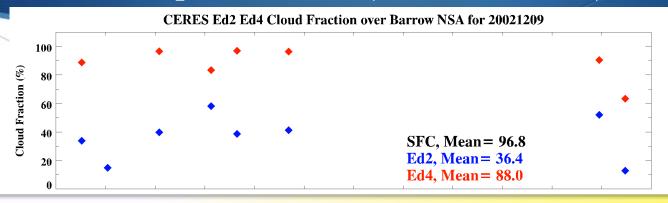




Case 1: Deep clouds, Dec. 7th, 2002

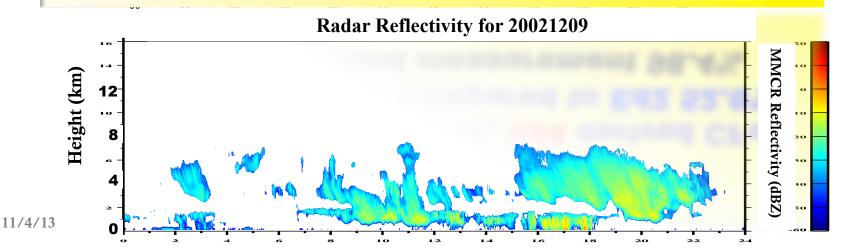


Case 1: Deep clouds, Dec. 9th, 2002

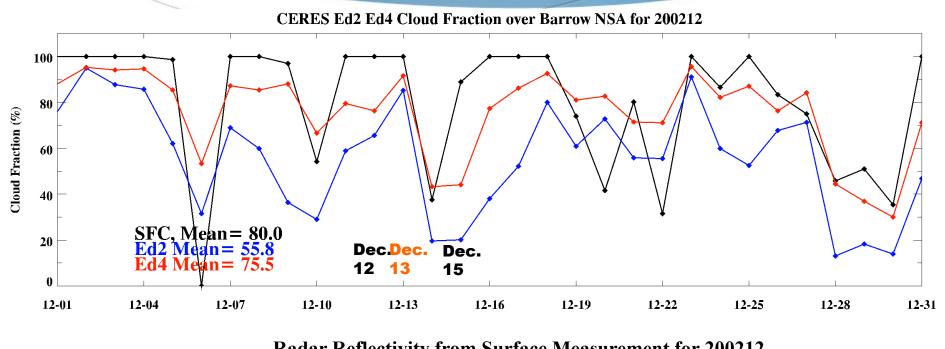


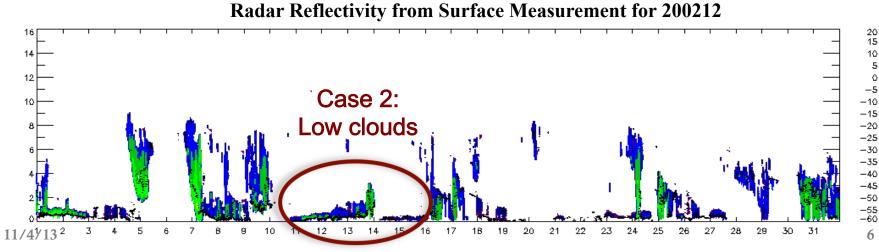
Summary:

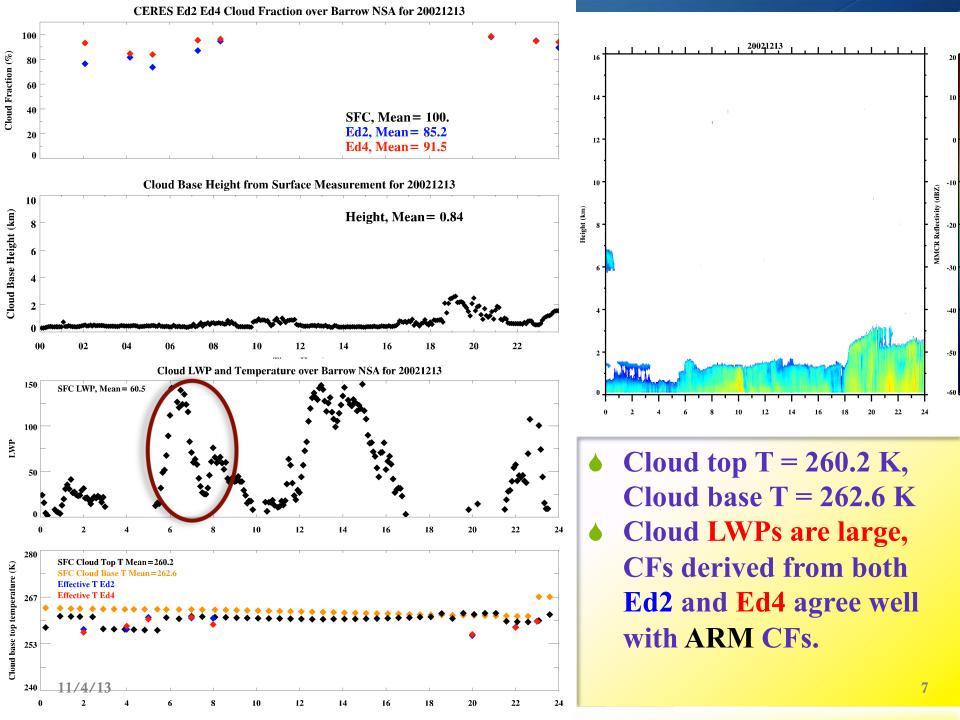
For this deep clouds case, Ed4 derived CFs increased to 87.6% compared to Ed2 52.6%; closer to the ground measurement 98.4%

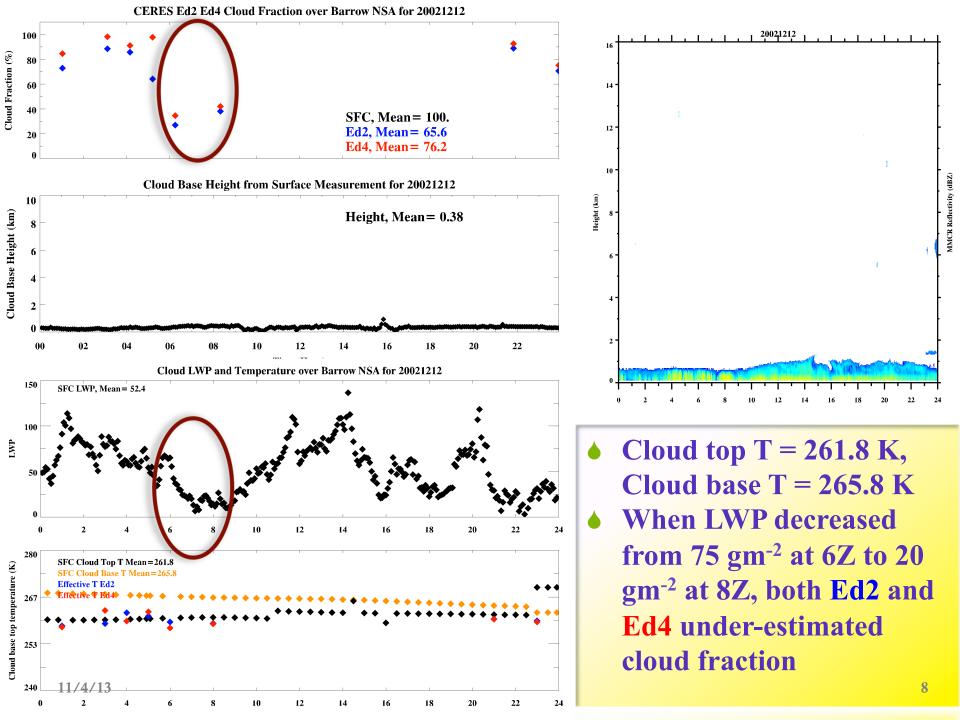


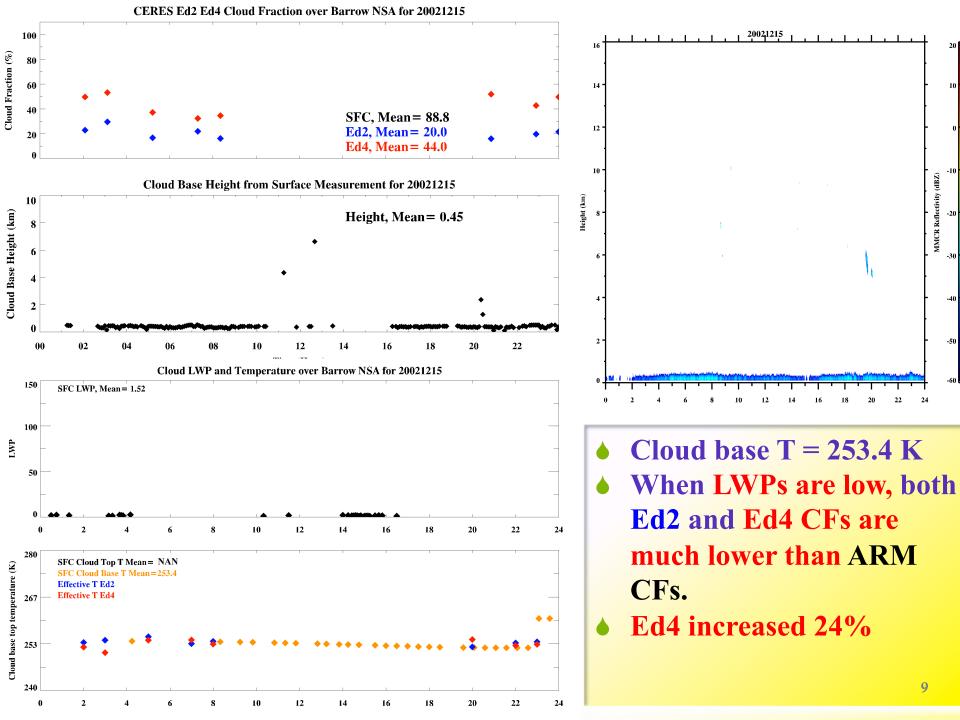
Case 2: Low clouds, Dec. 11~16, 2002

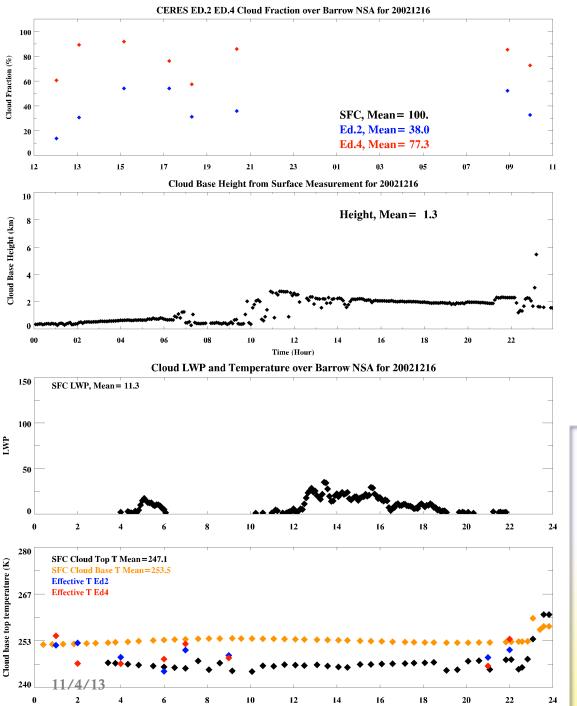


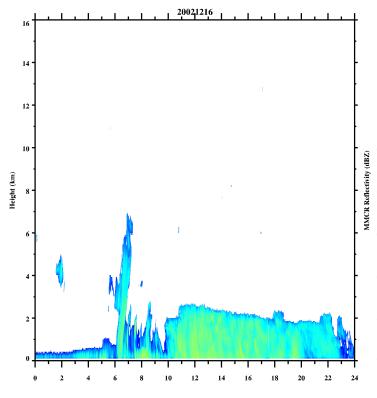




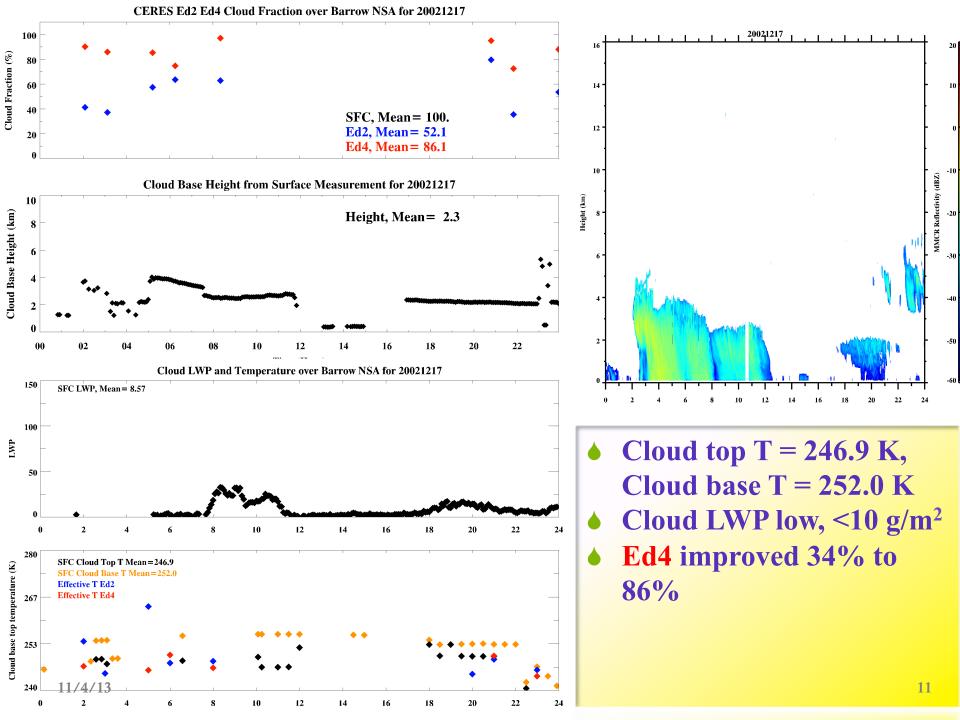








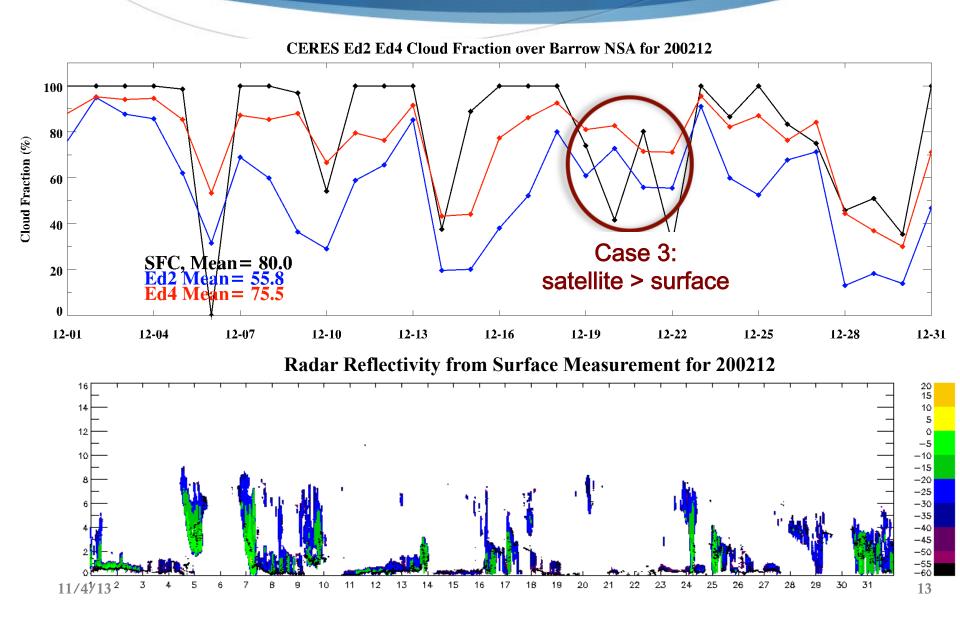
- **♦** Cloud top T = 247.1 K, Cloud base T = 253.5 K
- **♦ Low cloud LWP**
- **► Ed2 underestimate CFs,** 38.0% Ed4 increased 39% to 77%



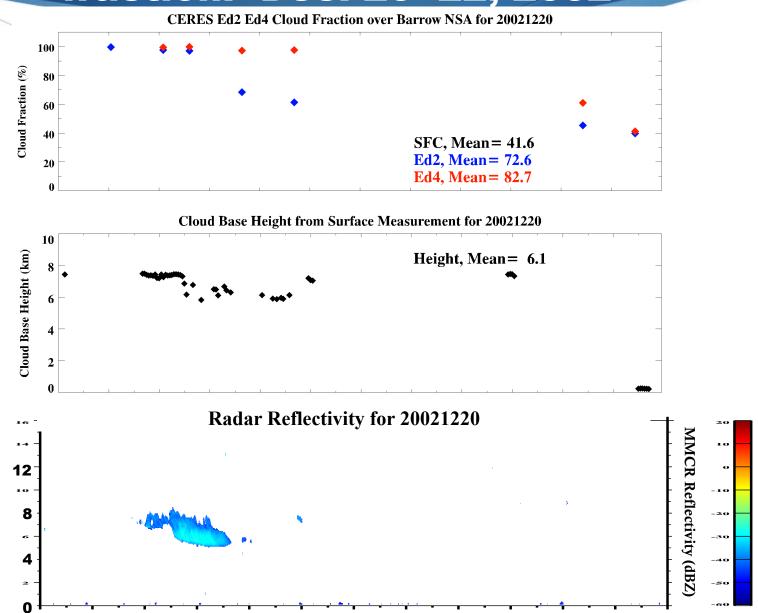
Case 2: Low clouds, Dec. 11~16, 2002

- Summary for low clouds
- ♦ When cloud LWP is large, both Ed2 and Ed4 detected cloud fraction well.
- ♦ When LWP is small and temperature difference between cloud top and ground is large, big improvement from Ed4 to Ed2
- When both Cloud LWP and temperature difference are small, both Ed2 and Ed4 underestimate cloud fraction, but CF for Ed4 increased.

Case 3: CERES overestimated cloud fraction: Dec. 20~22, 2002



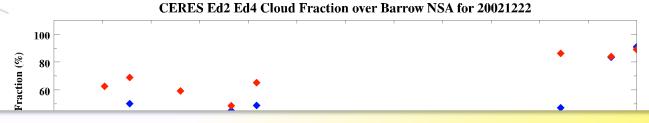
Case 3: CERES overestimated cloud fraction: Dec. 20~22, 2002



14

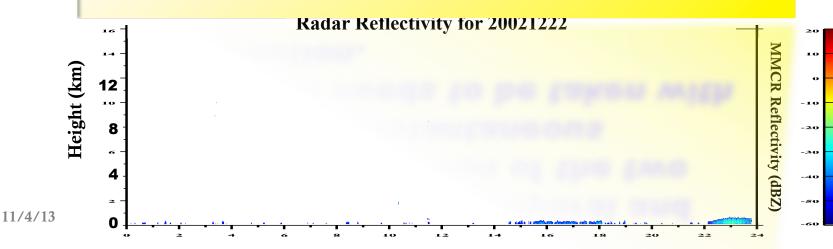
Height (km)

Case 3: CERES overestimated cloud fraction: Dec. 20~22, 2002



Summary

■ Due to the different temporal and spatial representation of the two datasets, the instantaneous comparison needs to be taken with extra caution.

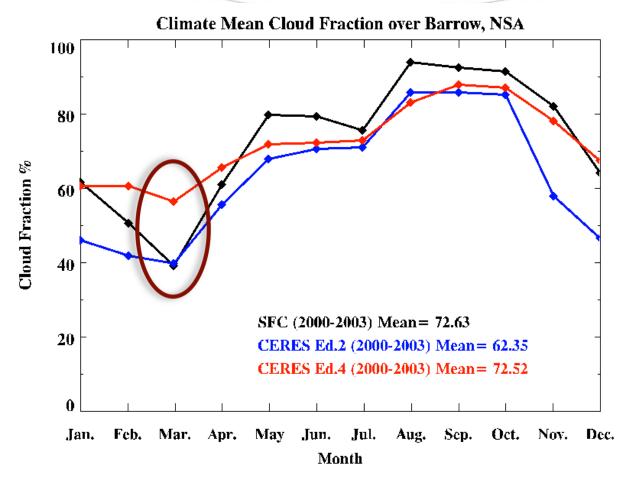


Conclusion

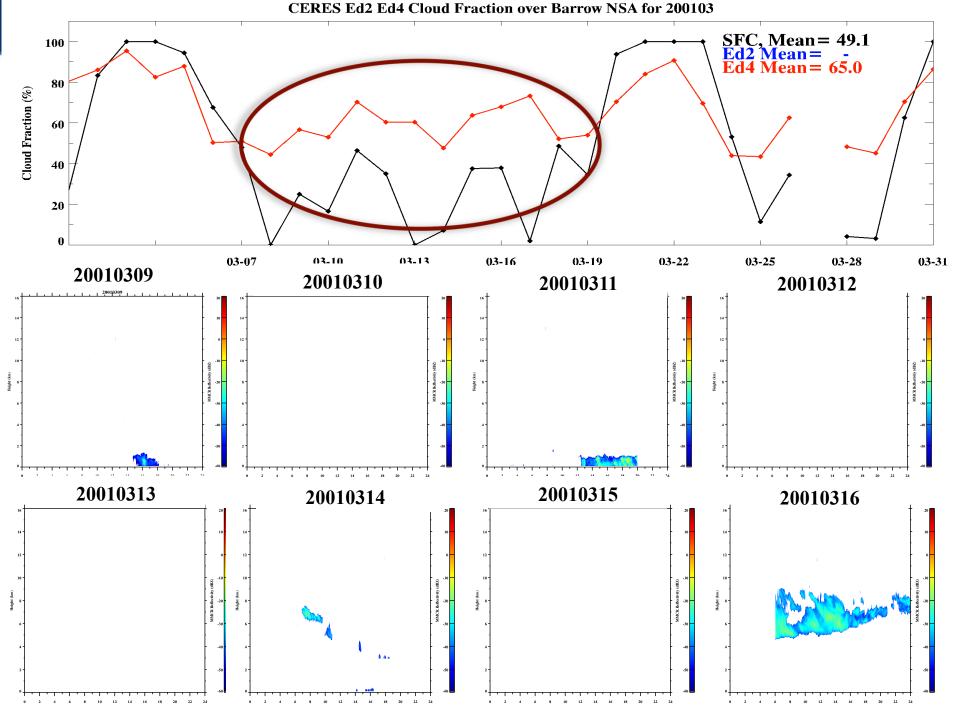
- In general, CERE-MODIS Ed4 derived CFs increased 20% compared to Ed2 during Arctic Winter
- ◆ CERES Ed4 can capture the deep clouds over snow/ice surfaces better than Ed2
- For Artic winter low clouds,
 - When cloud LWP is large, both CERES-MODIS Ed4 and Ed2 can detect cloud amount well
 - When cloud LWP and temperature difference are low, Ed2 and Ed4 still underestimated low-level CFs, but CFs for Ed4 increased.

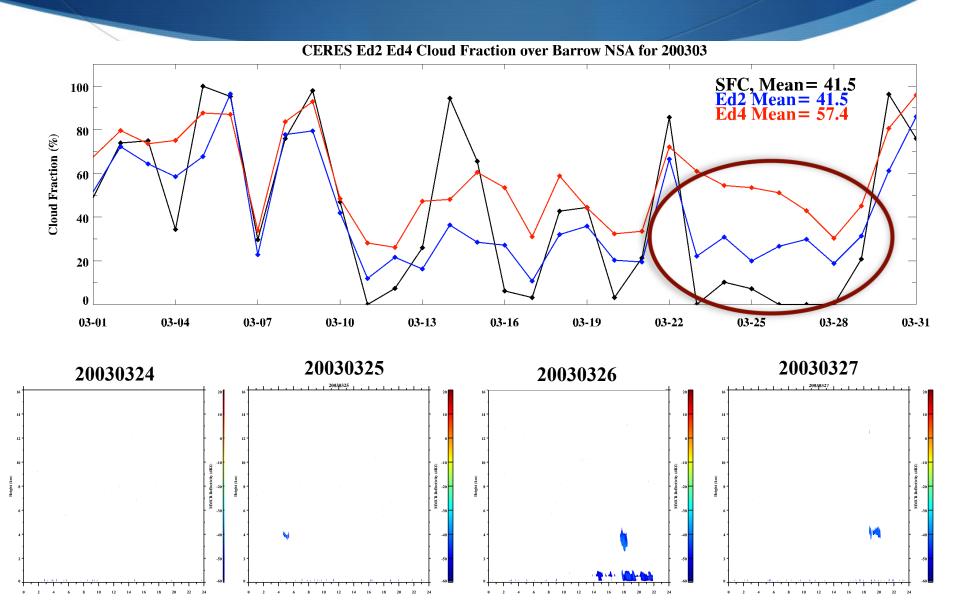
Thank you!

Questions?



- March is also an interesting month:
- Lowest cloud fraction in the year
- ► Ed.4 overestimate CF of March while Ed.2 underestimate CF of March





CERES Ed2 Ed4 Cloud Fraction over Barrow NSA for 200203 SFC, Mean = 36.5 Ed2 Mean = 39.6 Ed4 Mean = 52.8 100 80 Cloud Fraction (%) 60 40 **20** 03-01 03-07 03-10 03-13 03-16 03-19 03-22 03-25 03-28 03-31 03-04 20020316 20020317 10 12 · 10 MMCR Reflectivity (dBZ) MMCR Reflectivity (dBZ) Height (km) Height (km) -50 -50

22

22 24

CERES Ed2 Ed4 Cloud Fraction over Barrow NSA for 200203

